

Psychology 204 Formulae  
Spring 2015

$$\mu = \frac{\Sigma x}{N}$$

$$M = \frac{\Sigma x}{N}$$

$$\text{Range} = \text{Max}(u.r.l) - \text{Min}(l.r.l)$$

$$\sigma^2 = \frac{\Sigma(x - \mu)^2}{N}$$

$$\sigma^2 = \frac{\Sigma x^2 - ((\Sigma x)^2/N)}{N}$$

$$\sigma = \sqrt{\sigma^2}$$

$$s^2 = \frac{\Sigma(x - M)^2}{n - 1}$$

$$s^2 = \frac{\Sigma x^2 - ((\Sigma x)^2/N)}{n - 1}$$

$$s = \sqrt{s^2}$$

$$\mu_M = \mu$$

$$\sigma_M = \sigma/\sqrt{n}$$

$$z_M = \frac{M - \mu}{\sigma/\sqrt{n}}$$

$$\chi^2 = \Sigma \frac{(O - E)^2}{E}$$

$$E = \frac{(R * C)}{Total}$$

$$t = \frac{M - \mu}{s/\sqrt{n}}$$

$$t = \frac{M_1 - M_2}{\sqrt{\frac{s_1^2}{N_1} + \frac{s_2^2}{N_2}}} = \frac{M_1 - M_2}{\sqrt{\frac{(\sum x_1^2 - \frac{(\sum x_1)^2}{N_1}) + (\sum x_2^2 - \frac{(\sum x_2)^2}{N_2})}{N_1 + N_2 - 2} * (\frac{1}{N_1} + \frac{1}{N_2})}}$$

$$t = \frac{M_D - 0}{s_D/\sqrt{n}}$$